

March 1998

DM9370

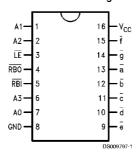
7-Segment Decoder/Driver/Latch with Open-Collector **Outputs**

General Description

The DM9370 is a 7-segment decoder driver incorporating input latches and output circuits to directly drive incandescent displays. It can also be used to drive common anode LED displays in either a multiplexed mode or directly with the aid of external current limiting resistors.

Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



Order Number DM9370N See Package Number N16E

Pin	Description
Names	
A0-A3	Address Inputs
ĪĒ.	Latch Enable Input (Active LOW)
RBI	Ripple Blanking Input (Active LOW)
RBO	Ripple Blanking as Output (Active LOW)
	as Input (Active LOW)
a-g	Segment Outputs (Active LOW)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Operating Free Air Temperature Range

Commercial Storage Temperature Range 0°C to +70°C -65°C to +150°C

Supply Voltage Input Voltage

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Units		
		Min	Nom	Max	1
V _{cc}	Supply Voltage	4.75	5	5.25	٧
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	2			V
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage			0.8	٧
I _{он}	High Level Output Current			-80	μА
I _{OL}	Low Level Output Current			3.2	mA
T _A	Free Air Operating Temperature	0		70	°C
t _s (H)	Setup Time HIGH or LOW			30	ns
t _s (L)	A_n to \overline{LE}			20	
t _h (H)	Hold Time HIGH or LOW			0	ns
t _h (L)	A _n to $\overline{\text{LE}}$			0	
t _w (L)	LE Pulse Width LOW			45	ns

7V

5.5V

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The devic should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the "Electrical Characteristics" table are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating free air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Condit	ions	Min	Typ (Note *NO TARGET FOR FNXref NS998*)	Max	Units
$\overline{V_{i}}$	Input Clamp Voltage		V _{CC} = Min, I _I = -			-1.5	V	
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage		V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = V _{IL} = Max	2.4	3.4		V	
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage		V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = V _{IH} = Min		0.2	0.4	V	
l _l	Input Current @ Max Input Voltage		V _{CC} = Max, V _I =	5.5V			1	mA
I _{IH}	High Level Input Current		V _{CC} = Max, V _I =			40	μA	
I _{IL}	Low Level Input Current		V _{CC} = Max, V _I =	0.4V			-1.6	mA
l _{os}	Short Circuit Output Current		V _{CC} = Max (Note *NO TARGET FOR FNXref NS999*)	DM74	-20		-70	mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	RBO	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} -	-80 μA	2.4			V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	RBO a-g	$I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 25 \text{ mA}$	V _{CC} = Min			0.4 0.4	V
I _{он}	Output HIGH Current, a-g						250	μA

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Over recommended operating free air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
				(Note *NO TARGET FOR FNXref NS998*)		
Icc	Power Supply Current	V _{CC} = Max			105	μΑ
		$A_1, A_2, A_3, \overline{LE} = GND$			105	
		V _{CC} = Max, Outputs Open				mA
		A_0 , A_1 , A_2 , $\overline{LE} = GND$			94	
		V _{CC} = Max, Outputs Open				

Switching Characteristics

 V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_{A} = +25°C (See Section 1 for waveforms and load configurations)

Symbol	Parameter	C _L = R _L =	Units	
		Min	Max	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay		75	ns
t _{PHL}	A_n to \overline{a}		50	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay		90	ns
t _{PHL}	LE to a-g		70	

Functional Description

The '70 has active LOW outputs capable of sinking in excess of 25 mA which allows it to drive a wide variety of 7-segment incandescent displays directly. It may also be used to drive common anode LED displays, multiplexed or directly with the aid of suitable current limiting resistors. This device accepts a 4-bit binary code and produces output drive to the appropriate segments of the 7-segment display. It has a hexadecimal decode format which produces numeric codes "0" through "9" and alpha codes "A" through "F" using upper and lower case fonts.

Latches on the four data inputs are controlled by an active LOW latch enable \overline{LE} . When the \overline{LE} is LOW, the state of the outputs is determined by the input data. When the \overline{LE} goes HIGH, the last data present at the inputs is stored in the latches and the outputs remain stable. The \overline{LE} pulse width necessary to accept and store data is typically 30 ns which allows data to be strobed into the '70 at normal TTL speeds. This feature means that data can be routed directly from high speed counters and frequency dividers into the display without slowing down the system clock or providing intermediate data storage.

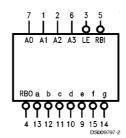
The latch/decoder combination is a simple system which drives incandescent displays with multiplexed data inputs from MOS time clocks, DVMs, calculator chips, etc. Data inputs are multiplexed while the displays are in static mode. This lowers component and insertion costs since several circuits—seven diodes per display, strobe drivers, a separate display voltage source, and clock failure detect

circuits—traditionally found in incandescent multiplexed display systems are eliminated. It also allows low strobing rates to be used without display flicker.

Another '70 feature is the reduced loading on the data inputs when the Latch Enable is HIGH (only 10 µA typ). This allows many '70s to be driven from a MOS device in multiplex mode without the need for drivers on the data lines. The '70 also provides automatic blanking of the leading and/or trailing-edge zeroes in a multidigit decimal number, resulting in an easily readable decimal display conforming to normal writing practice. In an 8-digit mixed integer fraction decimal representation, using the automatic blanking capability, 0060.0300 would be displayed as 60.03. Leading-edge zero suppression is obtained by connecting the Ripple Blanking Output (RBO) of a decoder to the Ripple Blanking Input (RBI) of the next lower stage device. The most significant decoder stage should have the RBI input grounded; and since suppression of the least significant integer zero in a number is not usually desired, the RBI input of this decoder stage should be left open. A similar procedure for the fractional part of a display will provide automatic suppression of trailing-edge zeroes. The $\overline{\mbox{RBO}}$ terminal of the decoder can be OR-tied with a modulating signal via an isolating buffer to achieve pulse duration intensity modulation. A suitable signal can be generated for this purpose by forming a variable frequency multivibrator with a cross coupled pair of TTL or DTL

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Logic Symbol



V_{CC} = Pin 16 GND = Pin 8

Truth Table

			INP	UTS			OUTPUTS								
BINARY STATE	ΙĒ	RBI	A3	A2	A1	A0	ā	Б	ċ	ā	ē	Ť	ģ	RBO	DISPLAY
000	HLLL	* L H X	X L L	X L L	X L L	X L L	# H L	H L L	— S H L L	TABL H L H	E — H L	H L H	- Н Н	H H H	STABLE BLANK () ;
2 3 4 5	L L L	X X X	L L L	L H H	H H L	L H L	L L H L	L L H	H L L	L H L	L H H	H L L	L L L	H H H	00000
6 7 8 9 10		X X X X	L H H	H L L	H L L	L H L H L	L L L L	H L L L	L L L L	L H L H	L H L H L	H L L	HLLL	H H H H	5 7 8 8
11 12 13 14 15		X X X X	H H H	L H H H	H L H H	H L H L	H H L L	H	L H L H	LLLH		L H L L	L H L L	H H H H	96.984
Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L**	BLANK



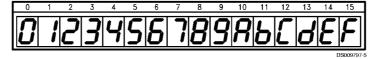
*The RBI will blank the display only if binary zero is stored in the latches.

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

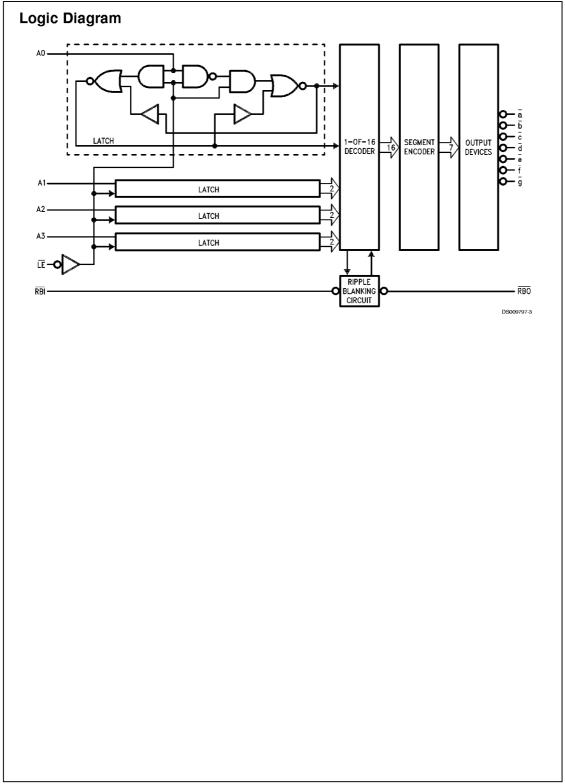
X = Immaterial

Numerical Designation

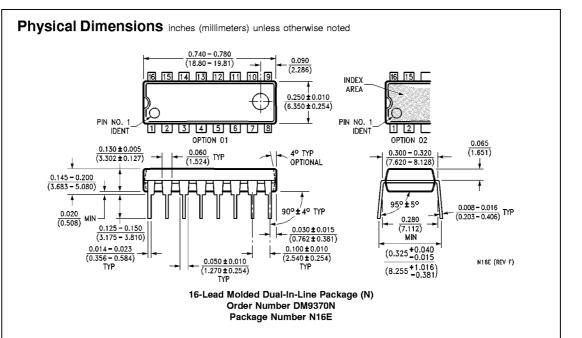


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^{**}RBO used as an input overdrives all other input conditions.



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