

A64E06161

1M X 16 Bit Low Voltage Super RAM

Preliminary

Document Title 1M X 16 Bit Low Voltage Super RAM

Revision History

Rev. No.	<u>History</u>	Issue Date	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	Initial issue	October 12, 2003	Preliminary
0.1	Change VCC range and VCCQ range	November 30, 2004	
	Change page access time from 20ns to 25ns		
	Change operation current (lcc1) from 25mA to 15mA(-70)		
	Change operation current (lcc1) from 20mA to 12mA(-85)		
	Change standby current (IsB1) from 80uA to 100uA		
	Delete reduce memory size 16M, partial array refresh 16M		
	Change operation current (Icc2) form 5mA to 3mA(-70, -85)		
	Change PAR current 12Mb=90uA, 8Mb=80uA, 4Mb=70uA		
	Change TCR current +85°C=100uA +70°C=90uA		
	Change TCR current +45°C=85uA +15°C=75uA		



A64E06161

Preliminary

1M X 16 Bit Low Voltage Super RAM

Features

- Operating voltage: VCC: 1.7V to 1.95V VCCQ: 1.7V to VCC
- Access times: tAA = 70ns (max.)
- Page Access times: tPAA = 25ns (max)
- Current: A64E06161 series: Operating Current (lcc1) : 15mA (max.) Standby Current (lsb1) : 100uA (max)
 Dean Dewor Dewo Standby Current (lsc) : 1
 - Deep Power Down Standby Current (Izz) : 10µA (max.) 4-word page length

General Description

The A64E06161 is a low operating current 16,777,216-bit super RAM organized as 1,048,576 word by 16bit and operated on low power supply voltage from 1.7V to 1.95V. It is built using AMIC's high performance CMOS DRAM process.

Using hidden refresh technique, the A64E06161 provides a compatible asynchronous interface and data can be read in 4-word page mode for fast access times. The A64E06161 has an internal register named the Configuration Register

Pin Configuration

 Support 4 distinct operation modes for reducing standby power : Deep Power Down (DPD) mode

Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode (4M, 8M, 12M) Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode (4M,8M,12M) Temperature Compensated Refresh (TCR) mode

- Industrial operating temperature range: -25°C to +85°C for I
- Available in 48-ball Mini BGA (6X8) package.

(CR) that controls the operation. The A64E06161 is designed for reducing current consumption during hidden self refresh and operating through following mode: Deep Power Down (DPD) mode, Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode, Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode and Temperature Compensated refresh (TCR) mode.

This A64E06161 is suited for low power application such as mobile phone and PDA or other battery-operated handheld device.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	LB	ŌĒ	A0	A1	A2	ZZ
В	I/O8	ΗB	A3	A4	CE	I/O₀
С	I/O9	I/O10	A5	A6	I/O1	I/O2
D	VSSQ	I/O11	A17	A7	I/O3	VCC
Е	VCCQ	I/O12	NC	A16	I/O4	VSS
F	I/O14	I/O13	A14	A15	I/O5	I/O6
G	I/O15	A19	A12	A13	WE	I/O7
Н	A18	A8	A9	A10	A11	NC

■ Mini BGA (6X8) Top View

A64E06161G



Block Diagram



Pin Description

Symbol	Description
A0 - A19	Address Inputs
CE	Chip Enable Input
ZZ	Sleep Enable Input (When \overline{ZZ} is low, the CR register can be loaded or the device can enter DPD mode or PAR mode).
I/O0 - I/O15	Data Input/Outputs
WE	Write Enable Input
ĹВ	Byte Enable Input (I/O₀ to I/O⁊)
HB	Byte Enable Input (I/O ₈ to I/O ₁₅)
ŌĒ	Output Enable Input
VCC	Power
VSS	Ground
VCCQ	Provide isolated power to I/O for improved noise immunity
VSSQ	Provide isolated / Ground to I/O for improved noise immunity
NC	No Connection or VSSQ

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (T_A = 0° C to + 70° C or -25° C to 85° C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
VCC	Supply Voltage	1.7	1.95	V
VSS	Ground	0	0	V
VCCQ	Supply Voltage I/O only	1.7	VCC	V
VSSQ	Ground I/O only	0	0	V
Vih	Input High Voltage	1.4	VCCQ + 0.2	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage	-0.2	+0.4	V
CL	Output Load	-	30	pF

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

VCC to VSS	0.3V to VCC+0.3V
VCCQ to VSSQ	0.3V to VCCQ+0.3V
IN, IN/OUT Volt to GND	0.3V to VCCQ + 0.3V
Storage Temperature, Tstg.	55°C to +125°C
Power Dissipation, PT	0.7W
Soldering Temp. & Time	260°C, 10 sec

*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to this device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	-70		-85	-85		Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
ப	Input Leakage Current	-	1	-	1	μA	VIN = GND to VCCQ
ILO	Output Leakage Current	-	1	-	1	μA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{ZZ} = V_{IL} \text{ or}$ $\overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ $V_{IVO} = GND \text{ to } VCCQ$
lcc1	Dynamic Operating	-	15	-	12	mA	
lcc2	Current	-	3	-	3	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}, \overline{ZZ} = V_{IH} \qquad V_{IH}$ $= VCCQ, V_{IL} = 0V,$ $f = 1MHz, I_{IVO} = 0mA$
ISB1	Standby Power Supply Current	-	100	-	100	μΑ	$\label{eq:cell} \begin{split} \overline{CE} &\geq VCCQ - 0.2V\\ \overline{ZZ} &\geq VCCQ - 0.2V\\ V_{IN} &\geq 0V \end{split}$
Vol	Output Low Voltage	-	0.2	-	0.2	V	loL = 0.2 mA
Vон	Output High Voltage	VCCQ-0.2	-	VCCQ-0.2	-	V	loн = -0.2mA



Deep Power Down Specifications and Conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Тур.	Max.	Units
lzz	Deep Power-Down	$V_{IN} = VCCQ \text{ or } 0V; +25^{\circ}C$ $\overline{ZZ} = LOW$ CR[4] = 0		10	μΑ

Partial Array Refresh Specifications Conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Density	Array Partition	Тур.	Max.	Units
IPAR	Partial Array Refresh Current	$V_{IN} = VCCQ \text{ or } 0V$ $\overline{ZZ} = LOW$	12Mb	3/4		90	μA
		CR[4] = 1	8Mb	1/2		80	μA
			4Mb	1/4		70	μA

Note: IPAR (MAX) values measured with TCR set to 85°C

Temperature Compensated Refresh Specifications Conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Density	Max Case Temperatures	Тур.	Max.	Units
ITCR	Temperature	$V_{IN} = VCCQ \text{ or } 0V$	16Mb	+85°C		100	μA
	Compensated Refresh Standby Current	Chip Disabled		+70°C		90	μA
				+45°C		80	μA
				+15°C		70	μA

Note: 1. ITCR (MAX) values measured with FULL ARRAY refresh.

2. This device assumes a standby mode if the chip is disabled (\overline{CE} HIGH).

Truth Table

CE	ZZ	OE	WE	LB	HB	I/Oo to I/O7 Mode	I/O8 to I/O15 Mode	VCC Current
Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Not selected	Not selected	ISB1
Н	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Not selected	Not selected	Izz ^{*2}
Н	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Not selected	Not selected	IPAR*2
L	L	Х	L	Х	Х	Not selected	Not selected	Load CR Register
				L	L	Read	Read	Icc1, Icc2
L	н	L	н	L	Н	Read	High - Z	Icc1, Icc2
				Н	L	High - Z	Read	Icc1, Icc2
				L	L	Write	Write	Icc1, Icc2
L	Н	х	L	L	Н	Write	Not Write/Hi - Z	Icc1, Icc2
				Н	L	Not Write/Hi - Z	Write	Icc1, Icc2
L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High - Z	High - Z	ICC1, ICC2

Note: 1. X = H or L

2. DPD is enable when CR register A4 is "0"; otherwise, PAR is enable



Capacitance (T_A = 25°C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Symbol Parameter		ymbol Parameter Mi		Max.	Unit	Conditions
Cin*	Input Capacitance	-	6	pF	Vin = 0V		
Cı/o*	Input/Output Capacitance	-	6	pF	Vvo = 0V		

* These parameters are sampled and not 100% tested.

Initialization

The A64E06161 is initialized in the power-on sequence according to the following.

To stabilize internal circuits, after turning on the power, a 200µs or longer wait time must precede any signal toggling.
 After the wait time, it can be normal operation.

Power on Chart



Notes: 1. Following power application, make \overline{CE} high level during the wait time 200us interval.

2. After power on sequence, the normal operating \overline{ZZ} must keep at high.

Standby Mode State Machines



Note: DPD is enable when CR register A4 is "0"; otherwise, PAR is enable.



Configuration Register

The configuration register (CR) defines how the A64E06161 operates and whether page mode read accesses are permitted. The register is automatically

loaded with default setting during power on and can be updated anytime while the device is operating in a normal state.

CR Register Description

Reserved	PAGE	E TCR		ZZ Enable Deep Sleep Array On/Off on ZZ		PAR Top/Bottom Selection		
A19 - A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0

Bit(s)	Name	Deserved
A19 - A8	Reserved	Reserved, All must be set to "0"
7	Page Mode on/off	0 - Page Mode Disabled (Default)
		1 - Page Mode Enabled
6, 5	Temperature Compensated Register Section	11 - +85°C (Default) 00 - +70°C 01 - +45°C 10 - +15°C
4	ZZ Enable Deep Sleep	0 - DPD Mode Enabled 1 - DPD Mode Disabled (Default)
3	Array On/Off on ZZ	0 - PAR Mode (Default) 1 - RMS Mode
2	PAR Top/Bottom Half Selection	0 - Bottom (Default) 1 - Top
1 - 0	PAR Memory Selection	01 - 3/4 Array (12M) 10 - 1/2 Array (8M) 11 - 1/4 Array (4M)



CR Register Update – Timing Waveform



Figure 1: CR register update-Timing waveform

Notes:

- 1. VIH(MAX) = Vccq + 0.2V for pulse durations less than 20ns.
- 2. $V_{IL(MIN)} = -1V$ for pulse duration less than 20ns.
- 3. Overshoot and undershoot specifications are characterized and are not 100% tested.
- 4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at Vcc = Vcc(typ.) and T_A = 25°C.
- 5. The timing values for the CR Register Update are shown in the "Partial Array Mode Timing" table and "AC Characteristics" table.



Page Mode Description

The Page Mode operation takes advantage of the fact that adjacent address can be read in shorter period of time than random addresses. Write operations do not support comparable page mode functionality. The Page Mode operation can be enabled and disabled in the CR register. If the CR register bit A7 is set to a "1", Page Mode operation is enabled.

The A64E06161 provides following operation mode for reducing power:

- 1. Deep Power Down (DPD) mode
- 2. Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode
- 3. Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode
- 4. Temperature Compensated Refresh (TCR) mode

1. Deep Power Down (DPD) mode

In this mode, the internal refresh is turned off and all data integrity of the array is lost. Deep Power Down (DPD) mode

is entered by ZZ low and keep 10us with A4 register bit set

to a "0". The device stays in the Deep Power Down (DPD)

mode until ZZ is driven High. If the A4 register bit is set equal to "1", Deep Power Down (DPD) mode will not be activated. Once the A64E06161 exits the Deep Power Down (DPD) mode, the content of the CR register is destroyed and the CR register would go into the default state upon normal operation.

2. Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode

In this mode, the A64E06161 can be operated as a reduced size device. For example, one can operate the 16M A64E06161 as a 4M or 8M memory block. Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode can be enabled by having the appropriate

setting in the CR register. The mode is effective once ZZ goes high and remains in the Reduce Memory Size (RMS) mode until full array restored by setting the CR register again. At power on, all four section of the device are activated and the A64E06161 enter into its default state of full memory size and refresh space.

	Partial Array Refresh Mode (A3 =0, A4 = 1)							
A2	A1, A0	Refresh Section	Address	Size	Density			
0	11	One-fourth of the Die	00000h - 3FFFFh (A19 = A18 = 0)	256K × 16	4M			
0	10	Half of the Die	00000h - 7FFFFh (A19 = 0)	512K × 16	8M			
0	01	Three-fourths of the Die	00000h - BFFFFh (A19 : A18 ≠ 11)	768K × 16	12M			
1	11	One-fourth of the Die	C0000h - FFFFh (A19 = A18 = 1)	256K × 16	4M			
1	10	Half of the Die	80000h - FFFFFh (A19 = 1)	512K × 16	8M			
1	01	Three-fourths of the Die	40000h - FFFFFh (A19: A18 ≠ 00)	768K × 16	12M			
		Re	duced Memory Size Mode (A3 = 1, A4 = 1)					
0	11	One-fourth of the Die	00000h - 3FFFFh (A19 = A18 = 0)	256K × 16	4M			
0	10	Half of the Die	00000h - 7FFFFh (A19 = 0)	512K × 16	8M			
0	01	Three-fourths of the Die	00000h - BFFFFh (A19 : A18 ≠ 11)	768K × 16	12M			
1	11	One-fourth of the Die	C0000h - FFFFh (A19 = A18 = 1)	256K × 16	4M			
1	10	Half of the Die	80000h - FFFFFh (A19 = 1)	512K × 16	8M			
1	01	Three-fourths of the Die	40000h - FFFFFh (A19 : A18 ≠ 00)	768K × 16	12M			

Variable Address Space – Address Patterns



Memory Block Spilt





3. Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode

In this mode, customers can turn off section of A64E06161 in stand-by mode to save standby current. The A64E06161 is divided into four 4M sections allowing certain section to be active. The array partition to be refreshed is determined by the respective bit in the CR register. When \overline{ZZ} is active low, only the portion of the array that is set in the CR register is refreshed and the data is keep at a certain section of memory. The Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode is only available during standby time (\overline{ZZ} low). Once \overline{ZZ} is turned

high, the A64E06161 goes back to operating in full array refresh. For Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode to be activated, the register bit, A4 must be set to a "1" value. To change the address space of the Partial Array Refresh (PAR) mode, the CR register must be updated using the CR register description. If the CR register is not updated after power on, the A64E06161 will be in its default state and the whole memory array will be refreshed.

Partial Array Refresh – Entry/Exit



Figure 2: Partial Array refresh – Entry/Exit

Partial Array Mode Timings

Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
tzzwe	ZZ LOW to WE LOW		1	μs
tCDR	Chip Deselect to ZZ LOW	0		μs
tR	Operation Recovery Time (Deep Power Down Mode only)		200	μs
tzzmin	Deep Power Down Mode Time	10		μs
tzzce	ZZ LOW to CE LOW	0	1	μs
tzzbe	ZZ LOW to UB/LD LOW	0	1	μs

Notes:

1. \overline{OE} and the data pins are in a "don't care" state while the device is in Partial Array Mode.

2. All other timing parameters are as shown in the switching characteristics section.

3. tr applies only in the Deep Power Down Mode.

4. Temperature Compensated Refresh (TCR) mode

In this mode, the hidden refresh rate can be optimized for the operating temperature. At higher temperature, the DRAM cell must be refreshed more often than at lower temperature. By setting the temperature of operation in CR register, the refresh rate can be optimized to meet the low standby

current at given operating temperature. There are four selections (+15°C, +45°C, +70°C, +85°C) in the CR register description.



Avoid Timing

Following Figure 3 is show you an abnormal timing which is not supported on Super RAM.





Operation When Page Mode is Enabled

The maximum \overline{CE} pulse width should not exceed 10µs to accommodate orderly scheduling of refresh (Figure 4).



Note: Timing constraints when page mode is enabled.

Figure 4: Timing constraint for tCEM

Symbol	Parameter	-	-70		-85	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Read Cycle		·				
trc	Read Cycle Time	70	10000	85	10000	ns
tskew	Address Skew	-	10	-	10	ns
taa	Address Access Time	-	70	-	85	ns
TACE	Chip Enable Access Time	-	70	-	85	ns
tве	Byte Enable Access Time	-	35	-	45	ns
to⊨	Output Enable to Output Valid	-	35	-	45	ns
tc∟z	Chip Enable to Output in Low Z	5	-	5	-	ns
tв∟z	Byte Enable to Output in Low Z	5	-	5	-	ns
to∟z	Output Enable to Output in Low Z	5	-	5	-	ns
tснz	Chip Disable to Output in High Z	0	14	0	14	ns
tвнz	Byte Disable to Output in High Z	0	14	0	14	ns
tонz	Output Disable to Output in High Z	0	14	0	14	ns
toн	Output Hold from Address Change	10	-	10	-	ns
tasc	Address Setup to CE Low	0	-	0	-	ns
tанс	Address Hold Time from CE High	0	-	0	-	ns
tсен	CE High Pulse With	10	-	10	-	ns
tPC	Page Read Cycle Time	25	-	25	-	ns
TPAA	Page access Time	-	25	-	25	ns
tnppc	Normal to Page Read Cycle Time	-	10	-	10	μs
Write Cycle						
twc	Write Cycle Time	70	10000	85	10000	ns
tskew	Address Skew	-	10	-	10	ns
tcw	Chip Enable to End of Write	70	-	85	-	ns
tвw	Byte Enable to End of Write	60	-	70	-	ns
tas	Address Setup Time	0	-	0	-	ns
taw	Address Valid to End of Write	70	-	85	-	ns
twp	Write Pulse Width	50	-	60	-	ns
twĸ	Write Recovery Time	0	-	0	-	ns
twнz	Write to Output in High Z	-	14	-	14	ns
tow	Data to Write Time Overlap	30	-	35	-	ns
tdн	Data Hold from Write Time	0	-	0	-	ns
tow	Output Active from End of Write	5	-	5	-	ns
tasc	Address Setup to CE Low	0	-	0	-	ns
tанс	Address Hold Time from CE High	0	-	0	-	ns
tсен	CE High Pulse With	10	-	10	-	ns
tweн	WE High Pulse With	10	-	10	-	ns
tсем	Maximum CE Pulse width	-	10	-	10	μS

AC Characteristics (TA = 0°C to + 70°C or -25°C to 85°C, VCC = 1.7V to 1.95V, VCCQ = 1.7V to VCC GND = 0V)

Note: tchz, tbhz and tohz and twhz are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referred to output voltage levels.



Timing Waveforms

Read Cycle 1^(1, 2, 4, 6)



Read Cycle 2-1^(1, 3, 6)





Read Cycle 2-2^(1, 3, 6)



Notes: 1. WE is high for Read Cycle.

- 2. Device is continuously enabled \overline{CE} = V_{IL}, \overline{HB} = V_{IL} and, or \overline{LB} = V_{IL}.
- 3. Address valid prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} and (\overline{HB} and, or \overline{LB}) transition low.
- 4. $\overline{OE} = VIL$.
- 5. Transition is measured \pm 500mV from steady state. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 6. \overline{ZZ} is high for Read Cycle.

Timing Waveforms

Words Page Read Cycle Timing Chart





Timing Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle 1-1⁽⁶⁾ (Write Enable Controlled)



Write Cycle 1-2⁽⁶⁾ (Write Enable Controlled)





Timing Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle 2-1⁽⁶⁾ (Chip Enable Controlled)



Timing Waveforms

Write Cycle 3-1⁽⁶⁾ (Byte Enable Controlled)





Write Cycle 3-2⁽⁶⁾ (Byte Enable Controlled)



- Notes: 1. tas is measured from the address valid to the beginning of Write.
 - 2. A Write occurs during the overlap (twp, tBw) of a low \overline{CE} , \overline{WE} and (\overline{HB} and, or \overline{LB}).
 - 3. <u>twr</u> is measured from the earliest of \overline{CE} or \overline{WE} or (\overline{HB} and, or \overline{LB}) going high to the end of the Write cycle. 4. \overline{OE} level is high or low.

 - 5. Transition is measured ±500mV from steady state. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
 - 6. \overline{ZZ} is high for Write Cycle.

AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	VCCQ * 0.2 to VCCQ * 0.8
Input Rise And Fall Time	2 ns (10% to90%)
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels	0.5 * VCCQ
Output Load	See Figures 5







Ordering Information

Part No.	Access Time (ns)	Operating Current Max. (mA)	Deep Power Down Mode Standby Current Max. (μA)	Package
A64E06161G-70	70	15	10	48B Mini BGA
A64E06161G-85	85	12	10	48B Mini BGA
A64E06161G-70I	70	15	10	48B Mini BGA
A64E06161G-85I	85	12	10	48B Mini BGA

Note: -I is for industrial operating temperature range



unit: mm

Package Information

48LD CSP (6 x 8 mm) Outline Dimensions (48TFBGA)



6.00

8.00

3.75

5.25

0.75

0.35

5.90

7.90

0.30

Note:

D

Е

Dı

Еı

е

b

1. THE BALL DIAMETER, BALL PITCH, STAND-OFF & PACKAGE THICKNESS ARE DIFFERENT FROM JEDEC SPEC MO192 (LOW PROFILE BGA FAMILY).

6.10

8.10

0.40

- 2. PRIMARY DATUM C AND SEATING PLANE ARE DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
- DIMENSION b IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM.
 THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF 0.25mm BETWEEN THE EDGE OF THE SOLDER BALL AND THE BODY EDGE.
- 4. BALL PAD OPENING OF SUBSTRATE IS Φ 0.3mm (SMD) SUGGEST TO DESIGN THE PCB LAND SIZE AS Φ 0.3mm (NSMD)