

# International IR Rectifier

20CTH03  
20CTH03S  
20CTH03-1  
20CTH03FP

## Hyperfast Rectifier

### Features

- Hyperfast Recovery Time
- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- Low Leakage Current
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature

$t_{rr} = 35\text{ns}$  max.  
 $I_{F(AV)} = 20\text{Amp}$   
 $V_R = 300\text{V}$

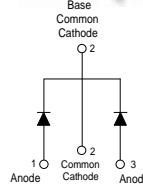
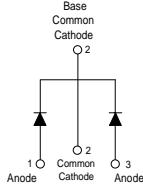
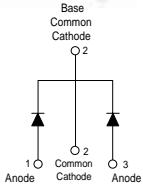
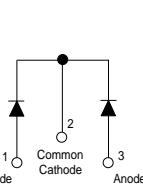
### Description/ Applications

International Rectifier's 300V series are the state of the art Hyperfast recovery rectifiers designed with optimized performance of forward voltage drop and Hyperfast recovery time. The planar structure and the platinum doped life time control guarantee the best overall performance, ruggedness and reliability characteristics. These devices are intended for use in the output rectification stage of SMPS, UPS, DC-DC converters as well as freewheeling diodes in low voltage inverters and chopper motor drives. Their extremely optimized stored charge and low recovery current minimize the switching losses and reduce over dissipation in the switching element and snubbers.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Max	Units
$V_{RRM}$ Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	300	V
$I_{F(AV)}$ Average Rectified Forward Current @ $T_C = 160^\circ\text{C}$ Per Diode @ $T_C = 135^\circ\text{C}$ (FULLPACK)	10	A
	Per Diode	
	Per Device	
$I_{FSM}$ Non Repetitive Peak Surge Current @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	120	
$T_J, T_{STG}$ Operating Junction and Storage Temperatures	- 65 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Case Styles

20CTH03	20CTH03S	20CTH03-1	20CTH03FP
			
Base Common Cathode 	Base Common Cathode 	Base Common Cathode 	Base Common Cathode 
TO-220AB	D <sup>2</sup> PAK	TO-262	TO-220 FULLPACK

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

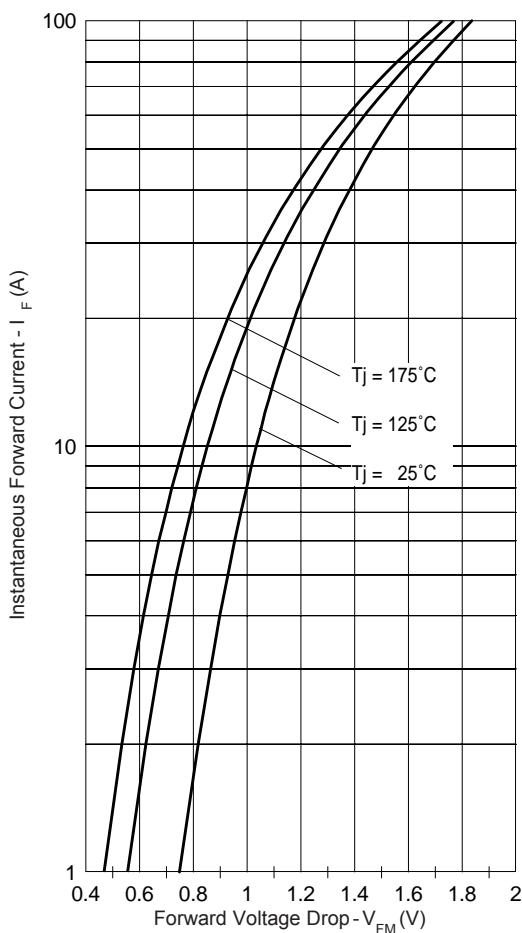
Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{BR}, V_r$ Breakdown Voltage, Blocking Voltage	300	-	-	V	$I_R = 100\mu\text{A}$
$V_F$ Forward Voltage	-	1.05	1.25	V	$I_F = 10\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	-	0.85	0.95	V	$I_F = 10\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_R$ Reverse Leakage Current	-	-	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = V_R \text{ Rated}$
	-	6	200	$\mu\text{A}$	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}, V_R = V_R \text{ Rated}$
$C_T$ Junction Capacitance	-	30	-	pF	$V_R = 300\text{V}$
$L_S$ Series Inductance	-	8	-	nH	Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body

**Dynamic Recovery Characteristics @  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

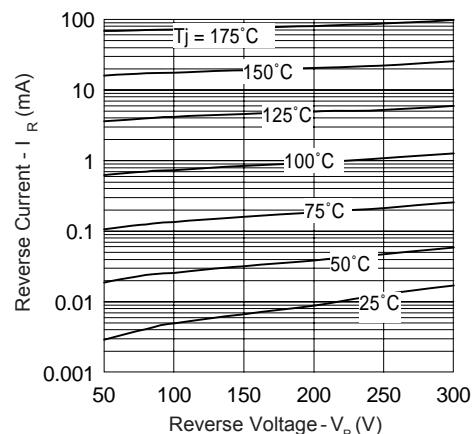
Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$t_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Time	-	-	35	ns	$I_F = 1\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 50\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}$
	-	-	30		$I_F = 1\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}$
	-	31	-		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	-	42	-		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$ Peak Recovery Current	-	2.4	-	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	-	5.6	-		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$Q_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Charge	-	36	-	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	-	120	-		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal - Mechanical Characteristics**

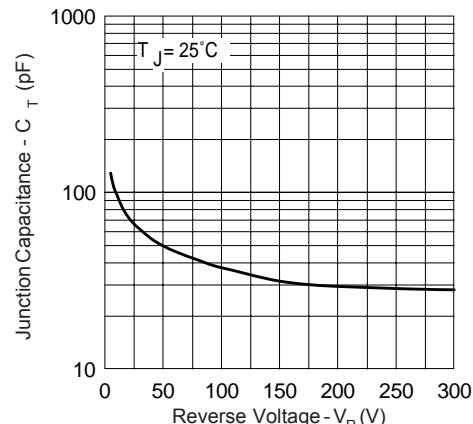
Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$T_J$ Max. Junction Temperature Range	-	-	175	°C
$T_{Stg}$ Max. Storage Temperature Range	-65	-	175	
$R_{thJC}$ Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Per Diode	-	-	1.5	°C/W
	-	-	3.9	



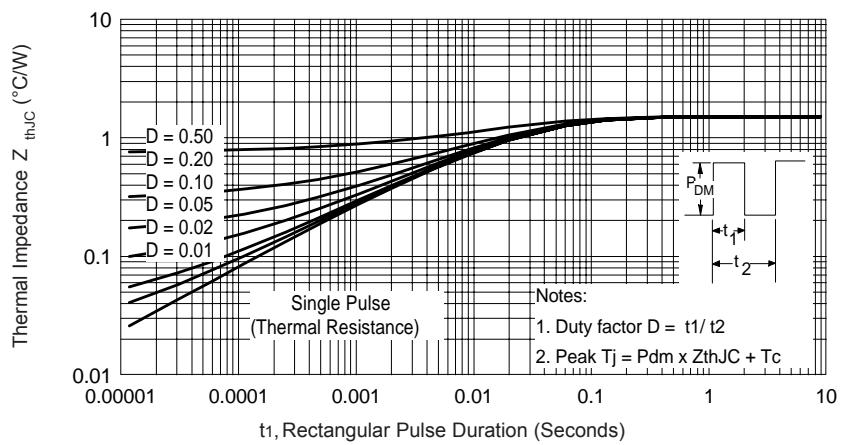
**Fig. 1 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics**



**Fig. 2 - Typical Values of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage**



**Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage**



**Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics**

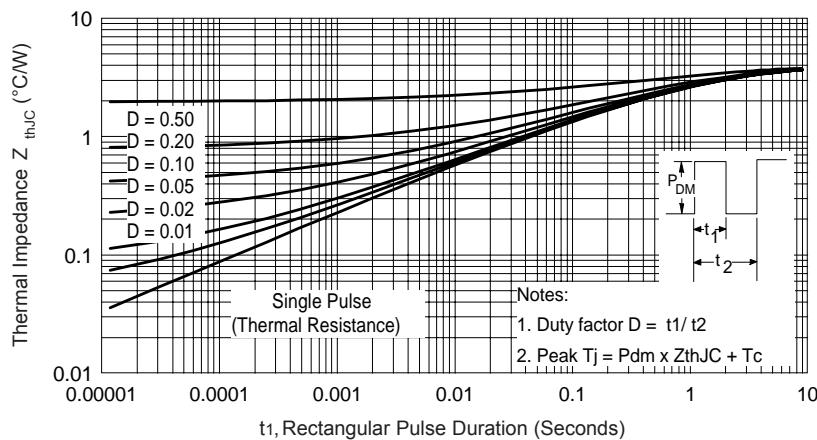
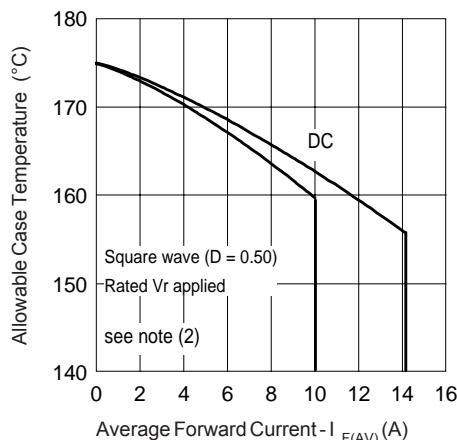
Fig. 5 - Max. Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics (FULLPACK)

Fig. 6 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current

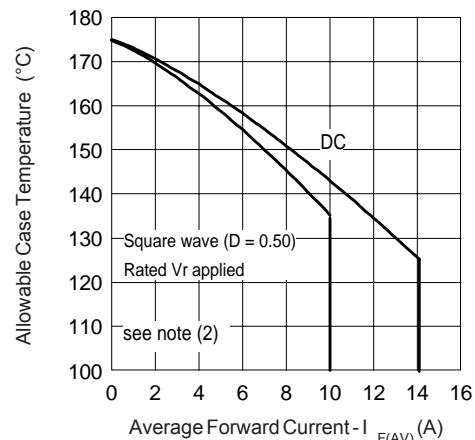


Fig. 7 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (FULLPACK)

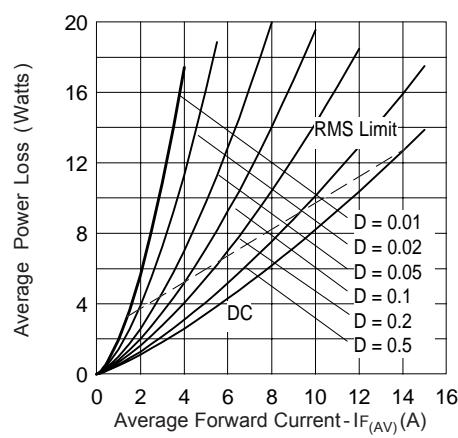


Fig. 8 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

- (2) Formula used:  $T_c = T_j - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$ ;  
 $P_d = \text{Forward Power Loss} = I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)} / D)$  (see Fig. 8);  
 $P_{d_{REV}} = \text{Inverse Power Loss} = V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$ ;  
 $I_R @ V_{R1} = \text{rated } V_R$

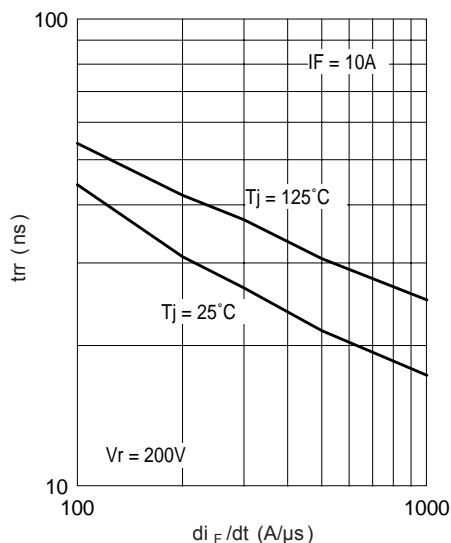


Fig. 9 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_F/dt$

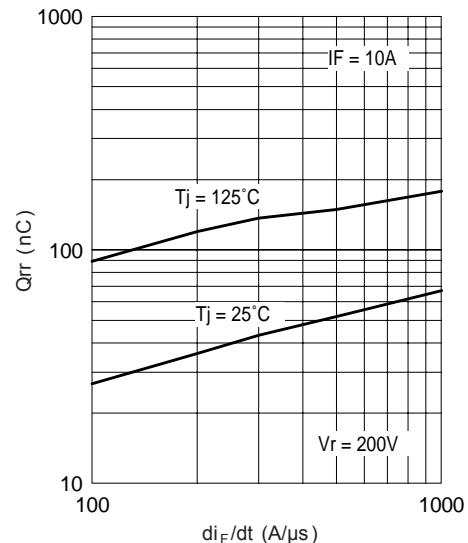


Fig. 10 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$

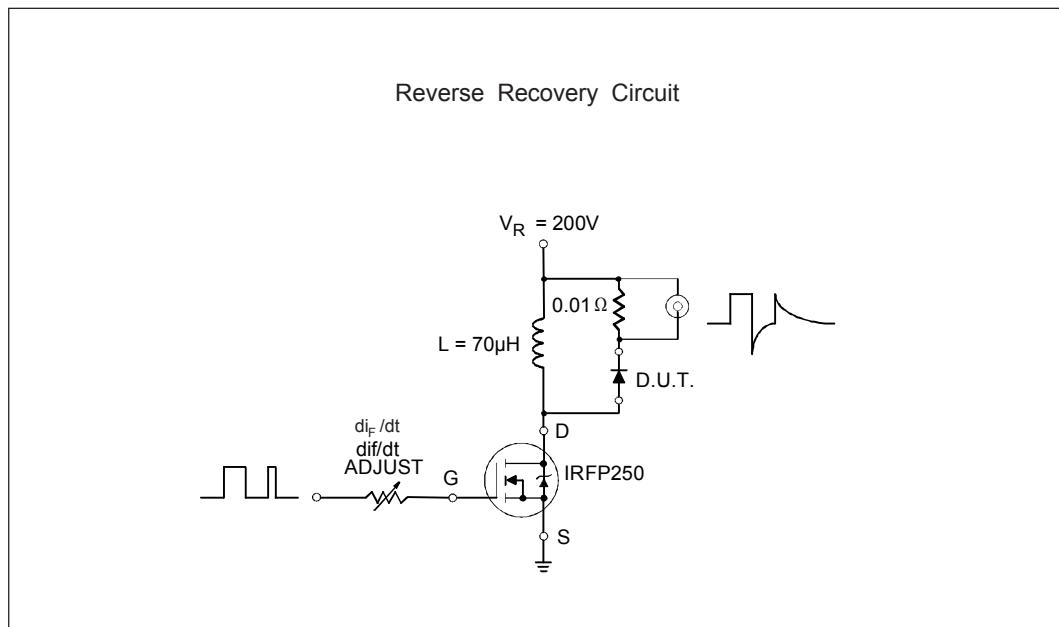


Fig. 11- Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

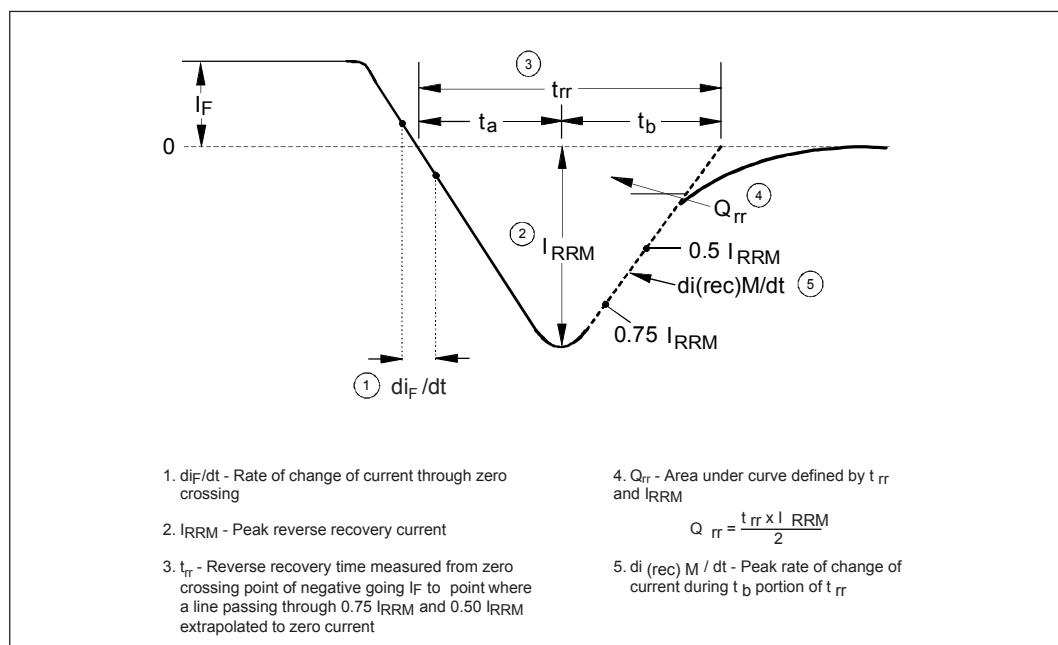
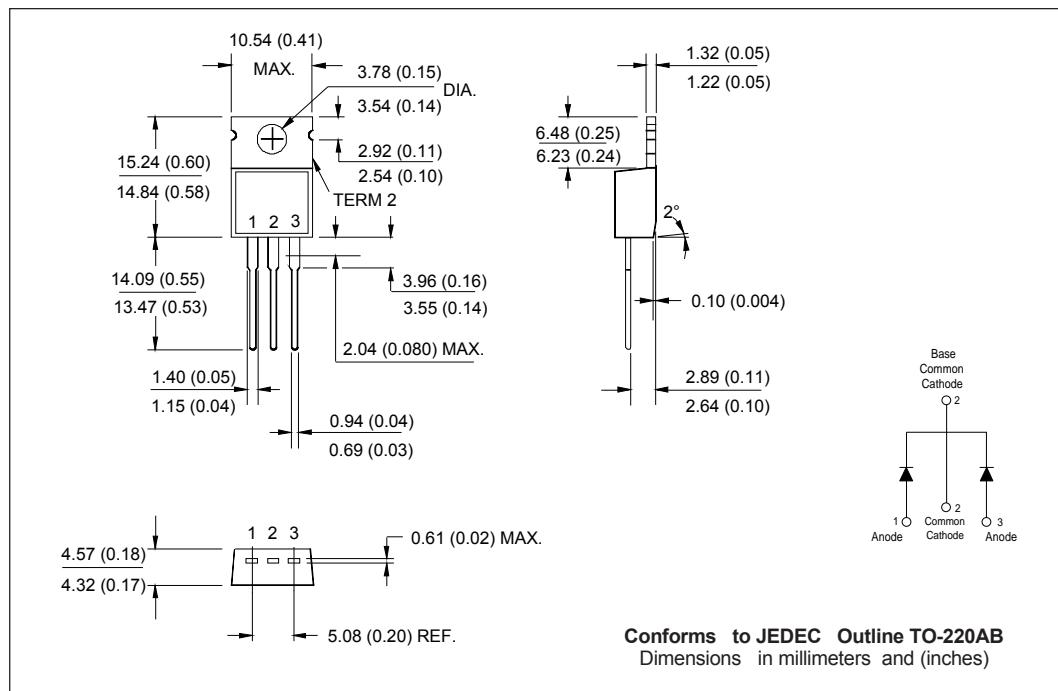
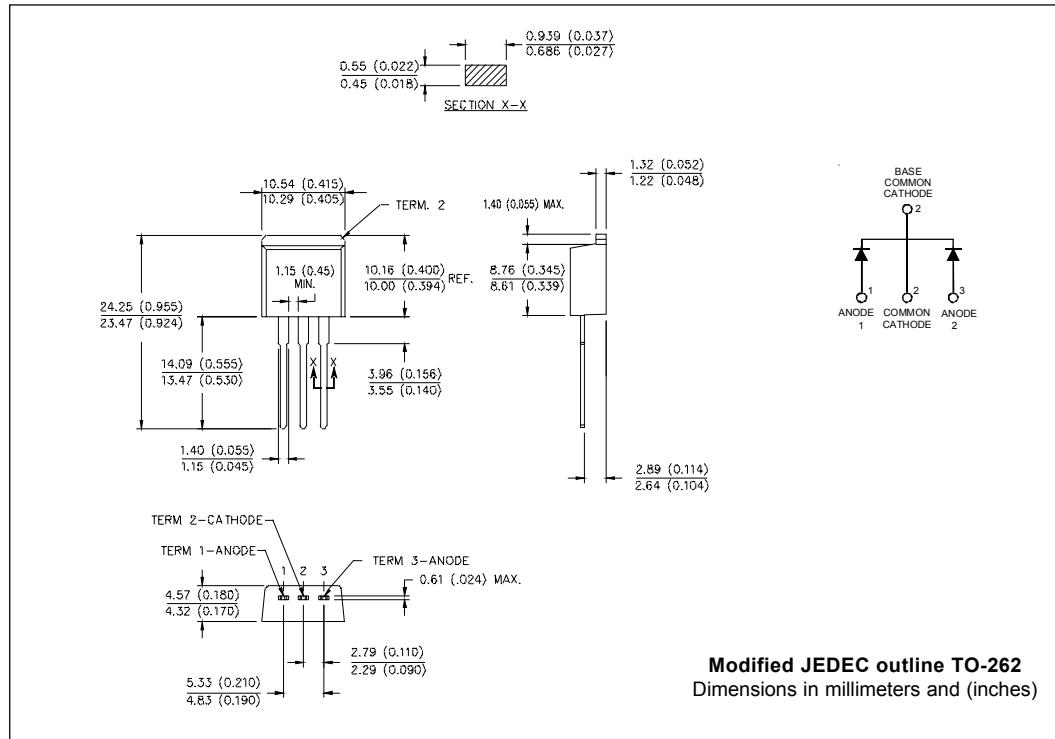
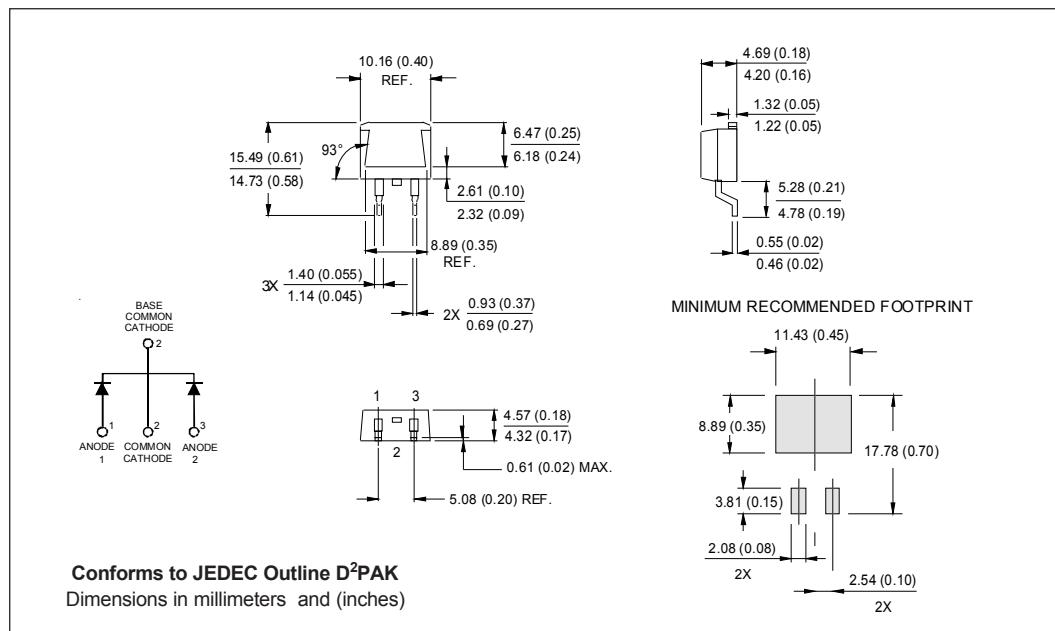


Fig. 13 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

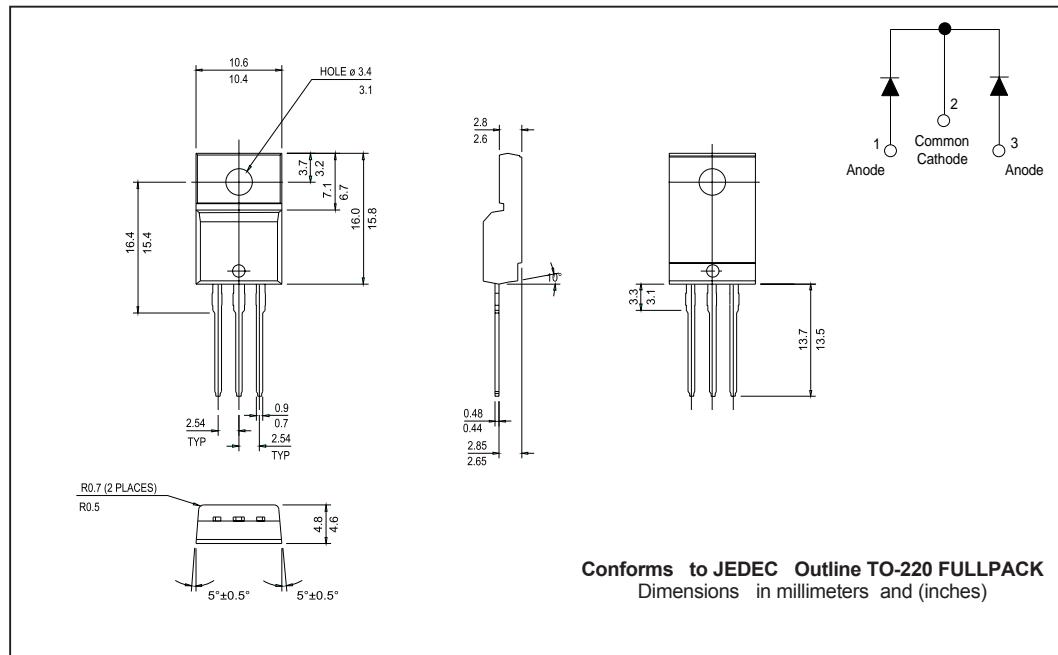
## Outline Table



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## Ordering Information Table

Device Code	20	C	T	H	03	- 1
(1)						
(2)						
(3)						
(4)						
(5)						
(6)						
<b>1</b>	-	Current Rating (20 = 20A)				
<b>2</b>	-	C = Common Cathode				
<b>3</b>	-	T = TO-220, D <sup>2</sup> Pak				
<b>4</b>	-	H = HyperFast Recovery				
<b>5</b>	-	Voltage Rating (03 = 300V)				
<b>6</b>	-	None = TO-220AC				
	S	= D <sup>2</sup> Pak				
	"-1"	= TO-262 Option				
	FP	= TO-220 FULLPACK				

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial Level.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

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